



COOPERATIVE SYSTEMS FOR PREVENTIVE TRAFFIC SAFETY

Stephan Zecha

Airbag 2010 - December 8th 2010

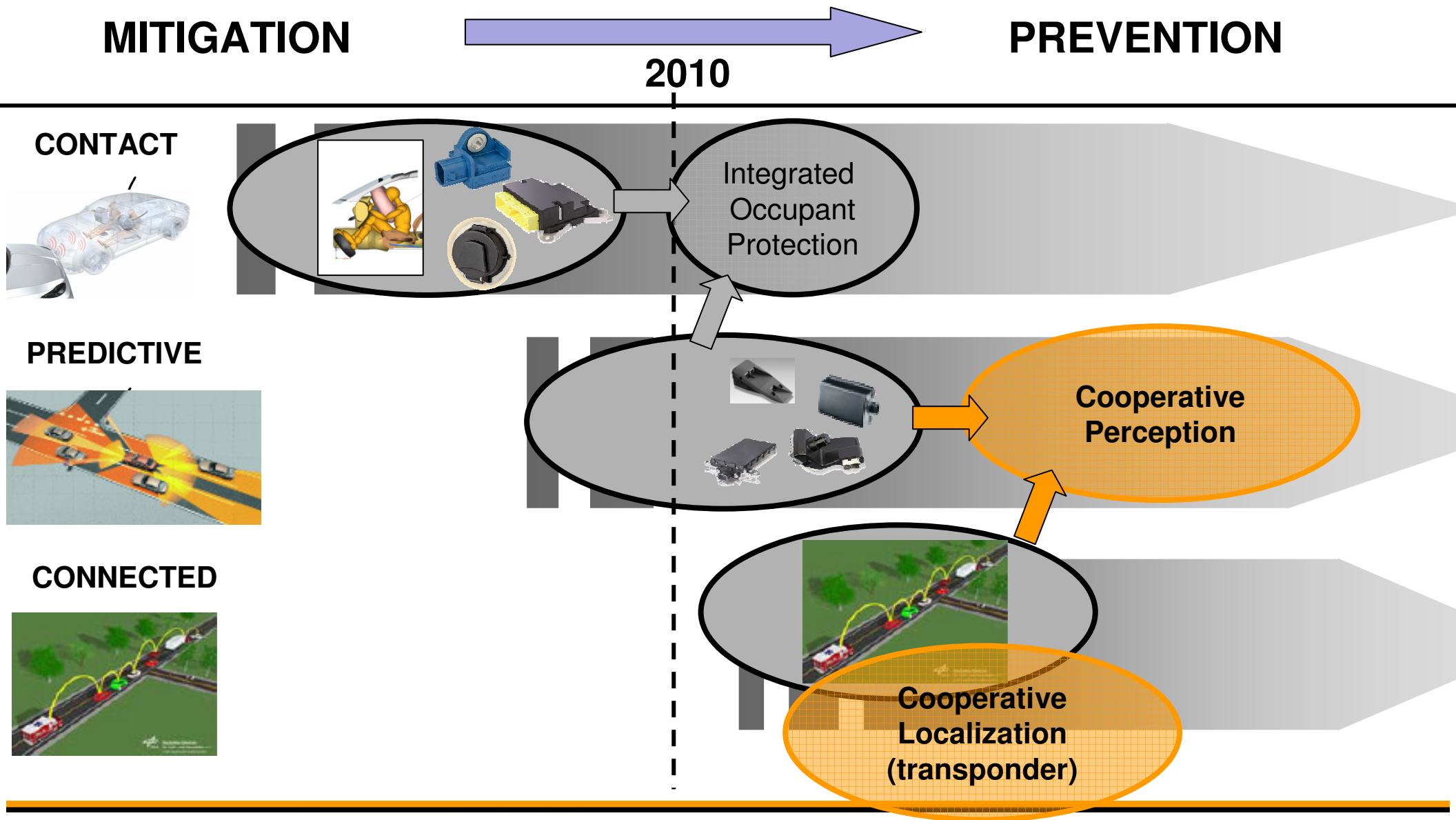
Cooperative systems for preventive traffic safety

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- ▶ Cooperative technologies in the national research initiative Ko-FAS
- ▶ Cooperative transponders – an excellent localization tool
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 - ▶ Interaction with related technologies
- ▶ Cooperative perception with sensor networks based on
 - ▶ ADAS sensors in the vehicles and C2C communication
 - ▶ Environmental sensors in the infrastructure and information broadcast
- ▶ Perspectives

Cooperative systems for preventive traffic safety

Cooperative technologies



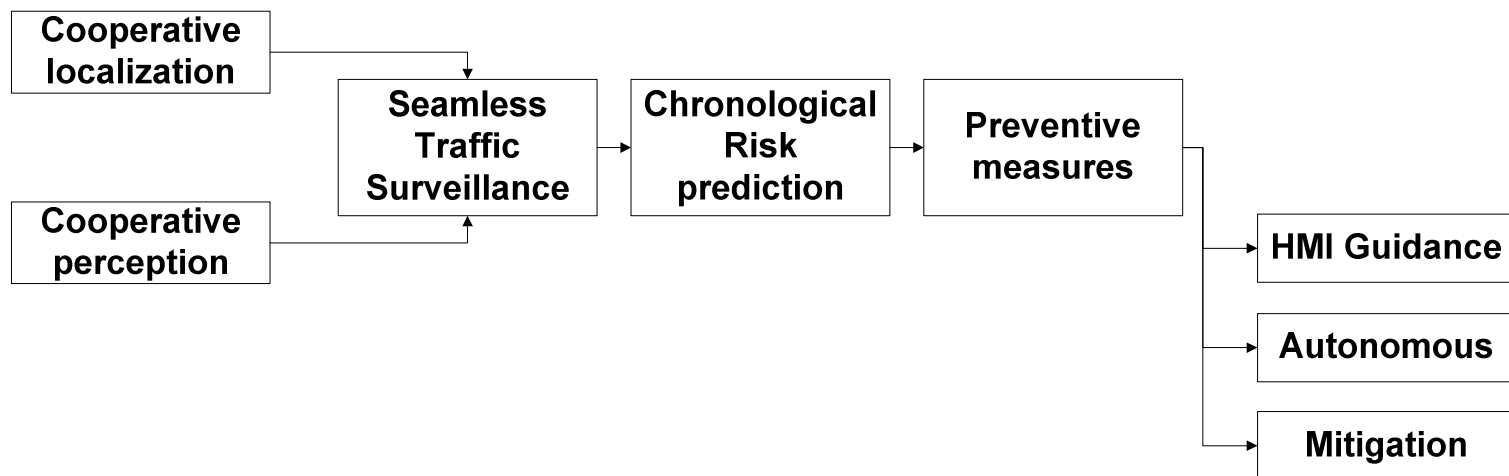
Cooperative systems for preventive traffic safety

Research Initiative Ko-FAS – Goals and partners

Ko-FAS: Cooperative sensors and cooperative perception for the predictive traffic safety

Goal: Significant reduction of severe accidents and fatalities

Realization:



Partner:

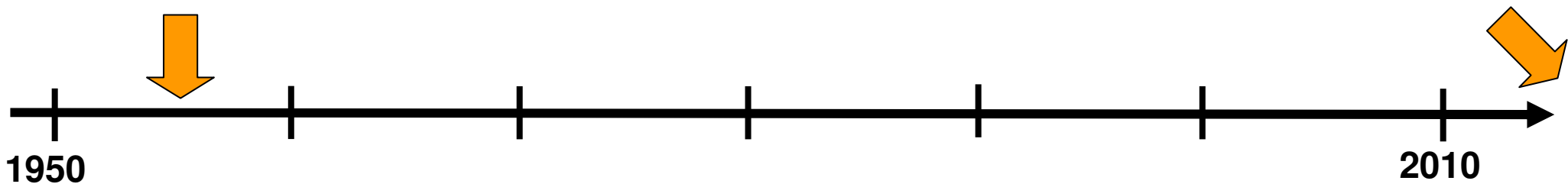
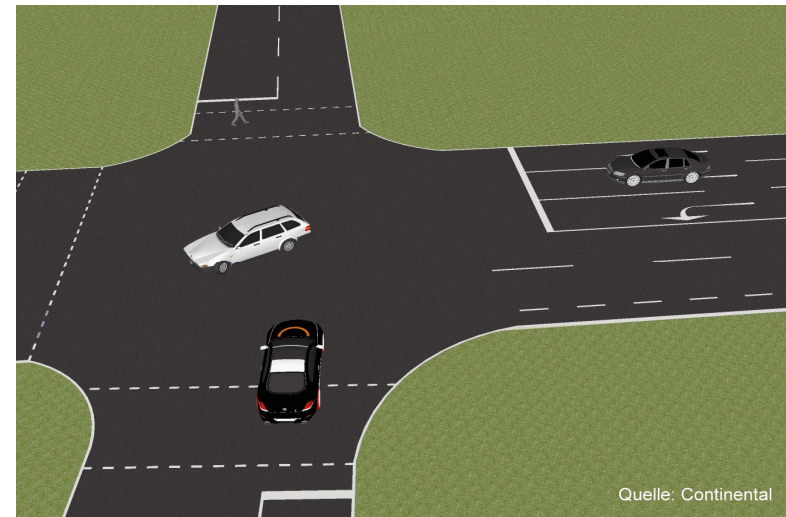
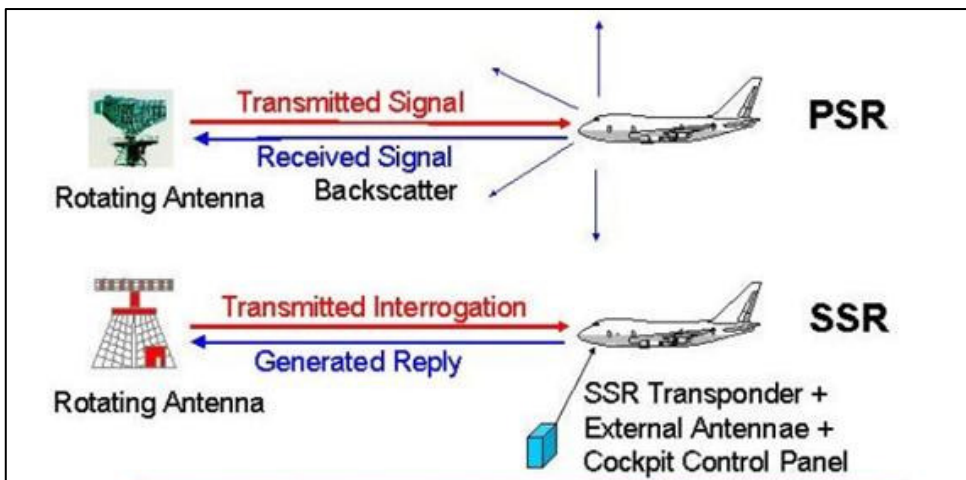


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Well established cooperative technologies

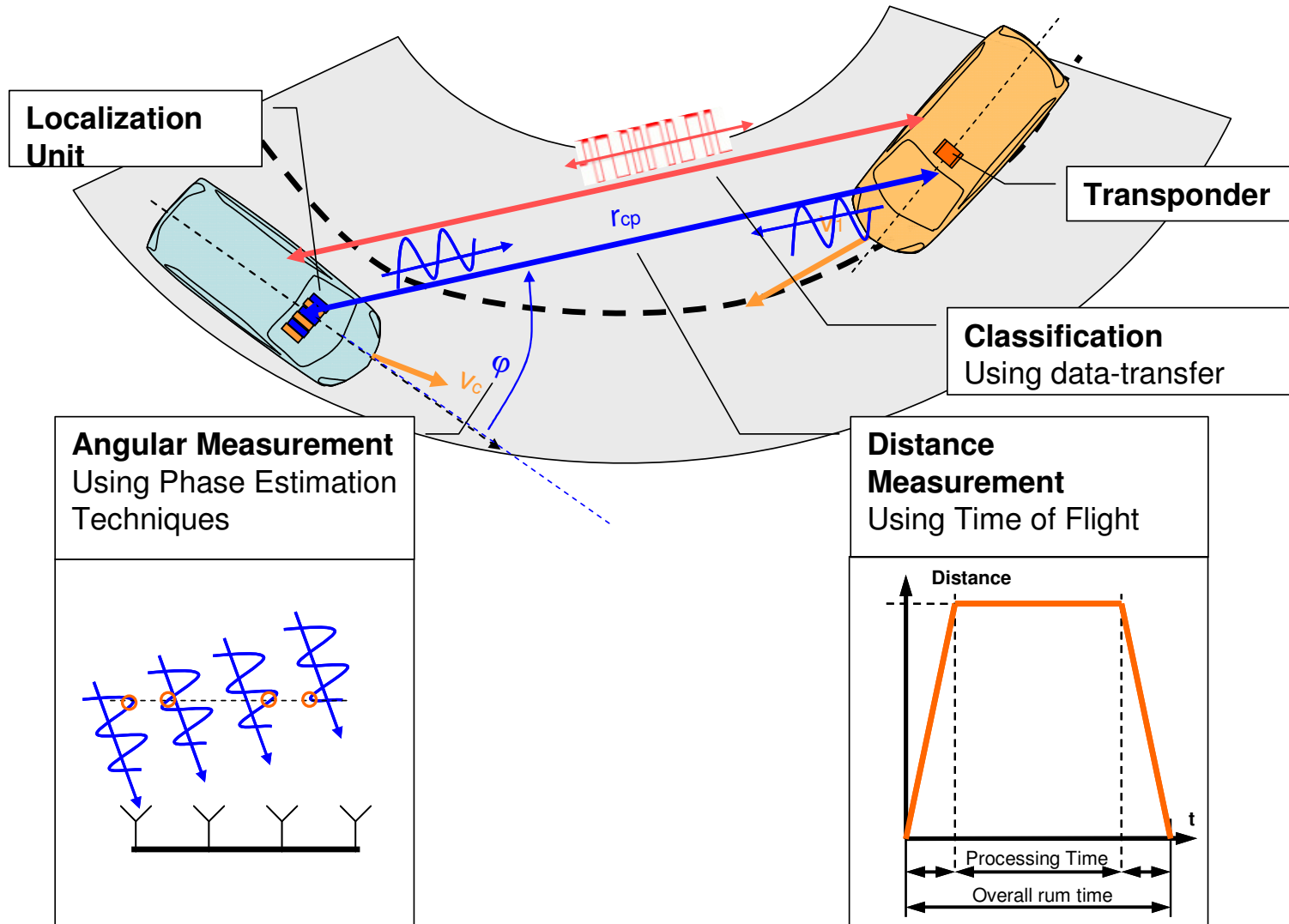
**Secondary surveillance radar –
In the civil aviation
since 1955**

**Cooperative transponder –
Transfer to road traffic in 20XX**



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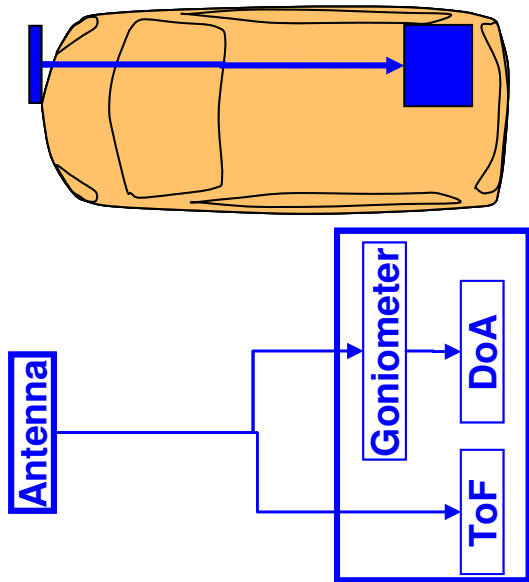
Cooperative transponders – functional principle



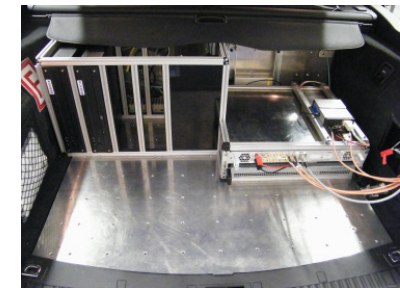
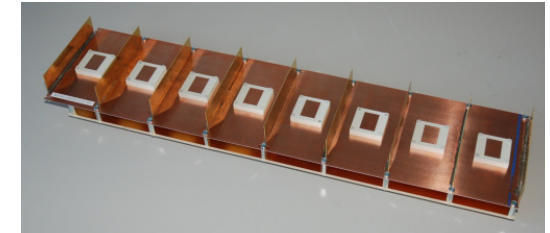
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Cooperative transponder: Prototypical realization

Vehicle Set-up



Antenna & Localization-Unit



Performance Data:

Version: Ko-TAG 1.0

Frequency: 2.4 GHz (ISM Band)

Range: > 200 m

Accuracy: +/- 10 cm

Transponder-Unit:



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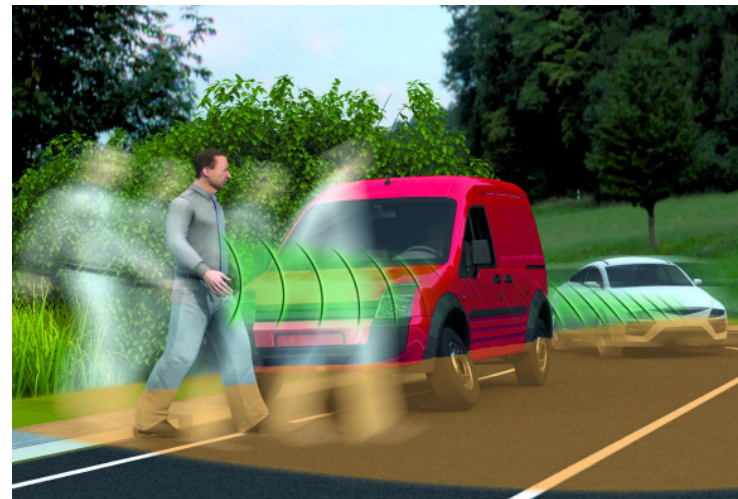
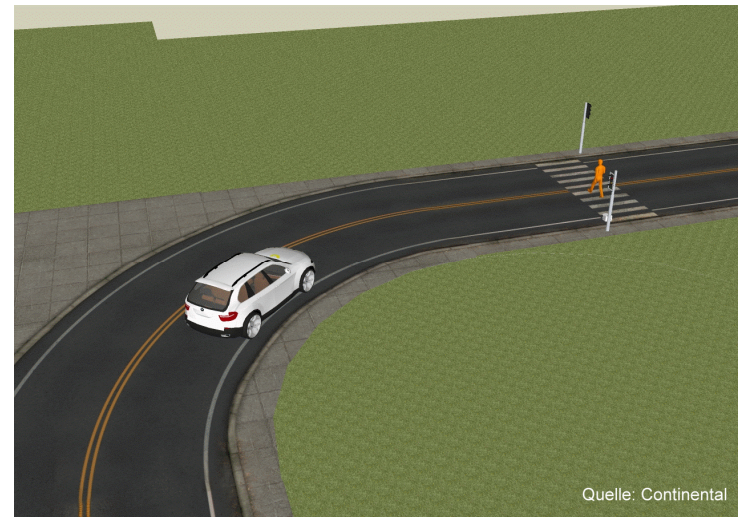
Cooperative transponders – unique applications

Predictive pedestrian protection

- ▶ Pedestrian accident statistics:
20 % occur combined with occultation
33 % occur at night or twilight

Cooperative transponder can

- Classify objects by ID
- Locate pedestrians without line-of-sight
- Track objects chronologically
- Resolve individual pedestrians in groups



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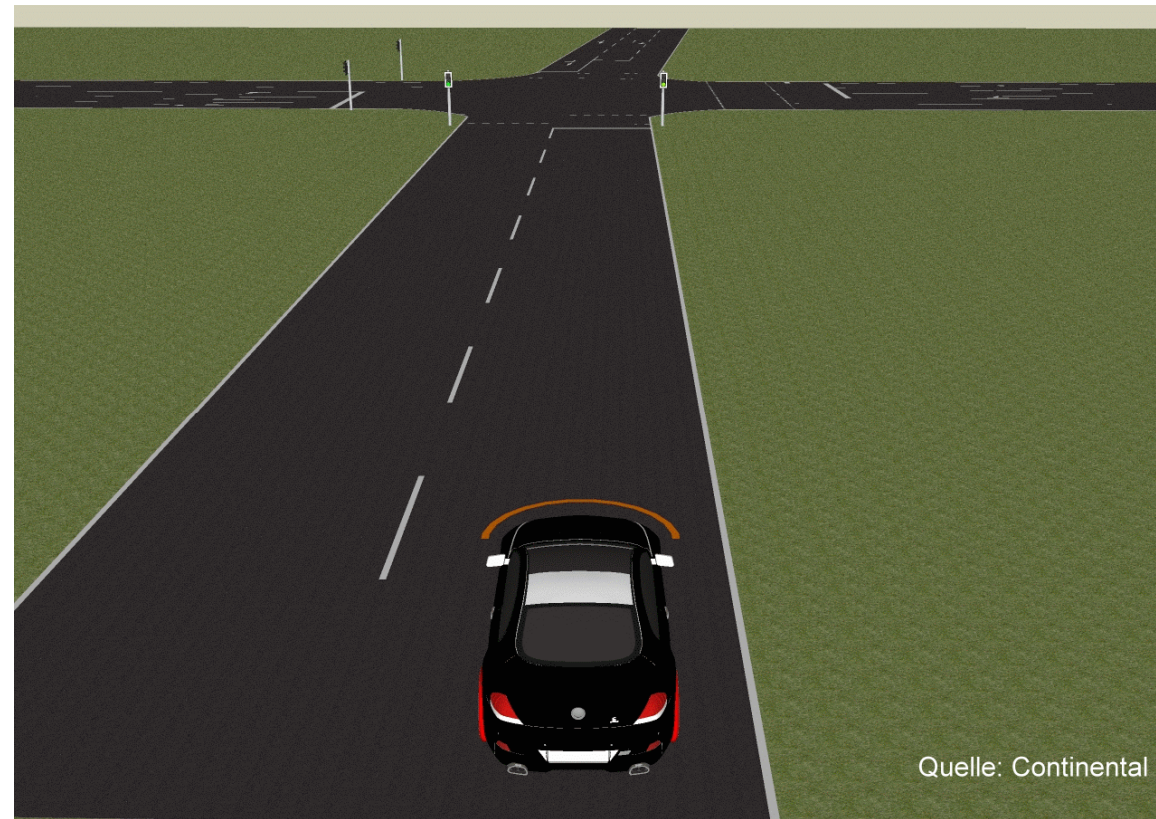
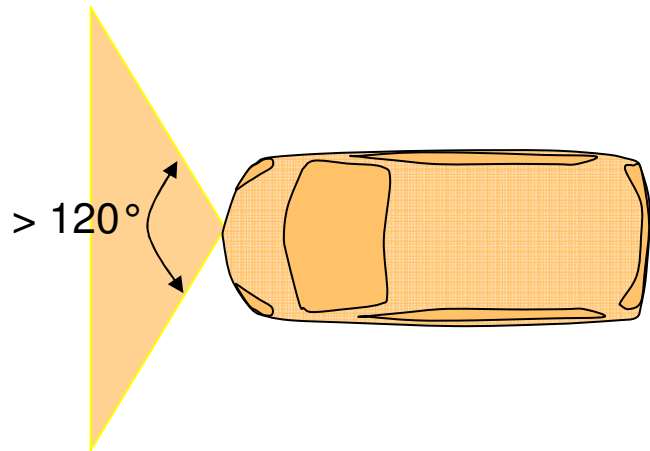
Cooperative transponders – unique applications

Omnidirectional safety

- ▶ Accident statistics:
35 % of all severe accidents occur at crossings

Cooperative transponder can

- Recognize objects with significant lateral offset due to large aperture angle



Quelle: Continental

Cooperative systems for preventive traffic safety

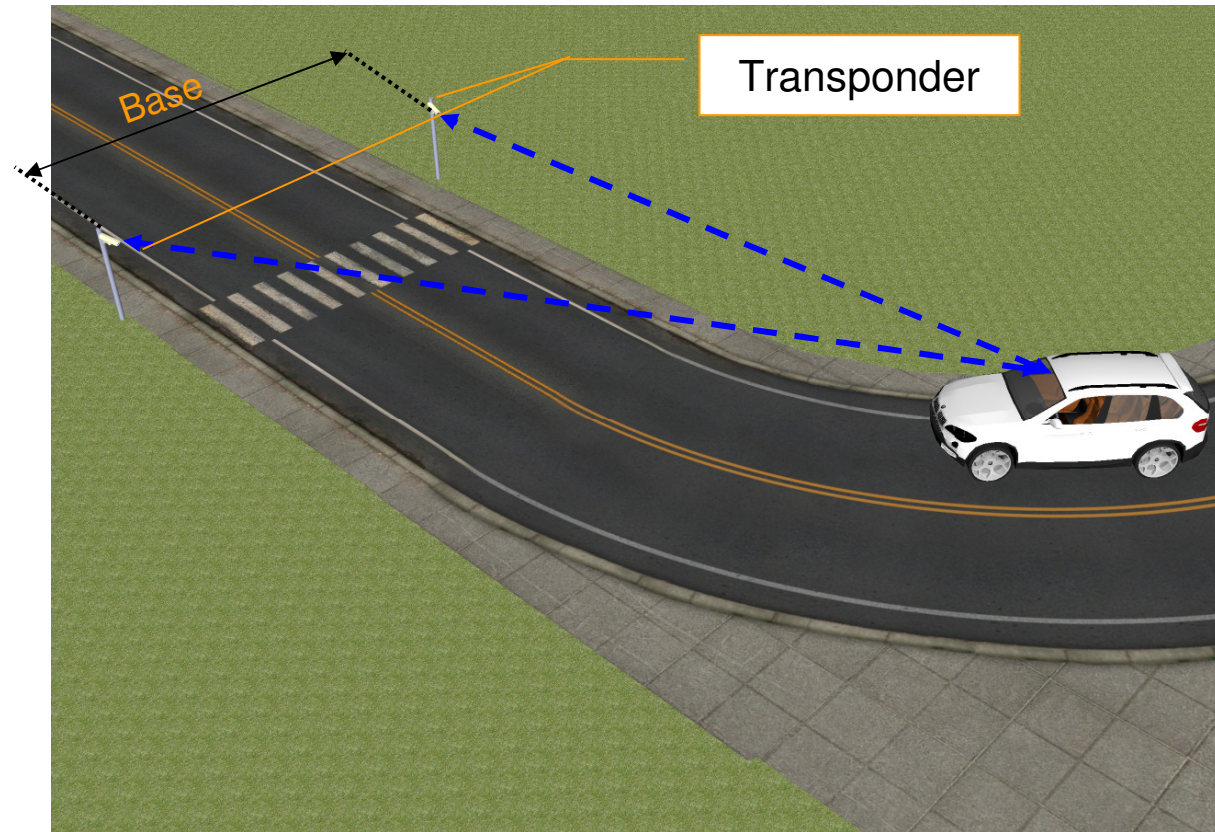
Cooperative transponders – unique applications

Self-localization

- ▶ Precise self localization in urban environment

Cooperative transponder can

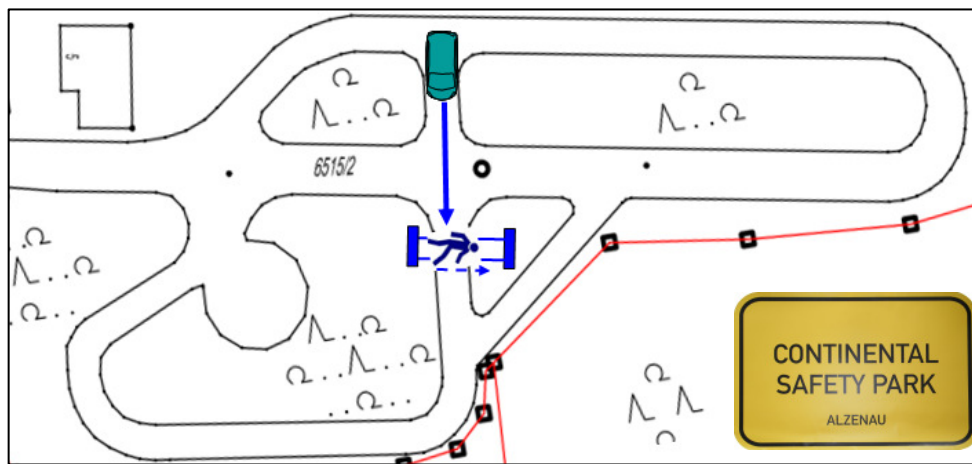
- Find the own position and orientation using infrastructure transponder
- Support guidance through difficult routings



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Cooperative transponders – Current test results

Pedestrian crossing scenario



Collision test

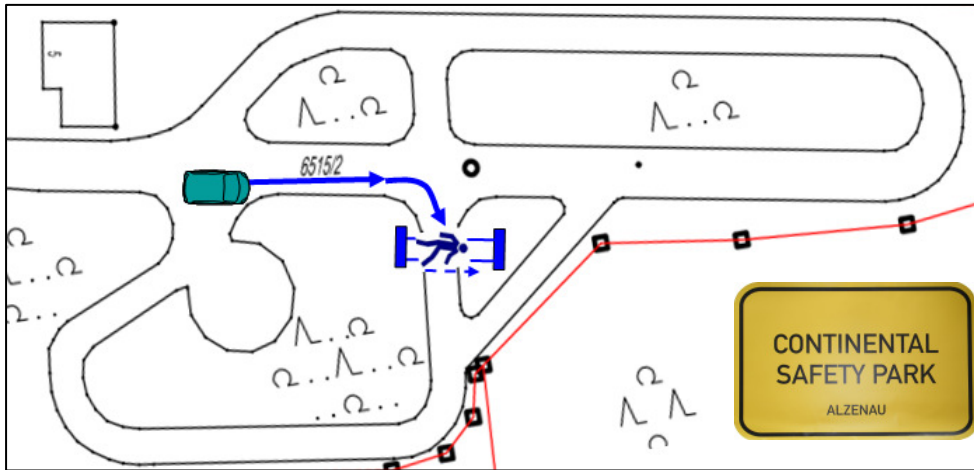
Near-miss test



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Cooperative transponders – Current test results

Vehicle turns in while pedestrian crossing scenario

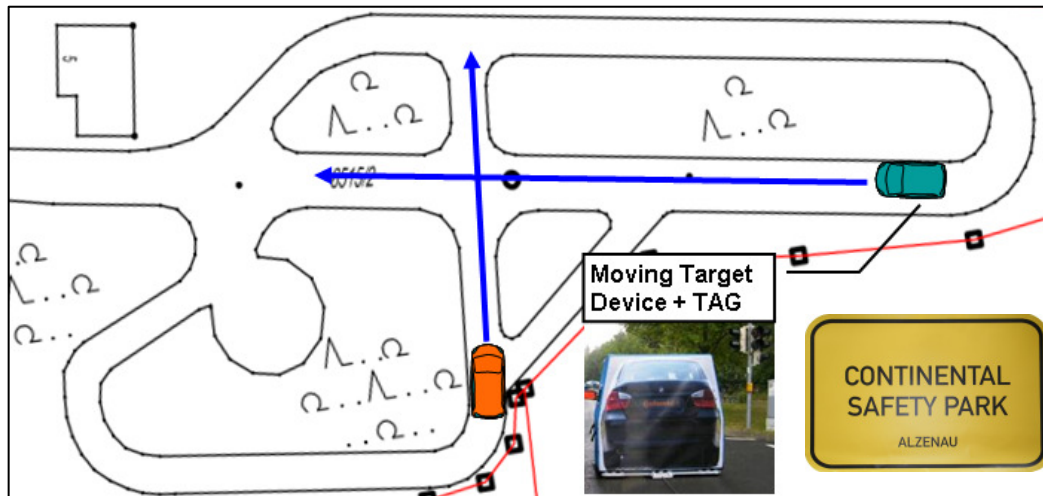


Messdatenfilm einfügen

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Cooperative transponders – Current test results

Cross-Road application



Messdatenfilm einfügen



Cooperative systems for preventive traffic safety

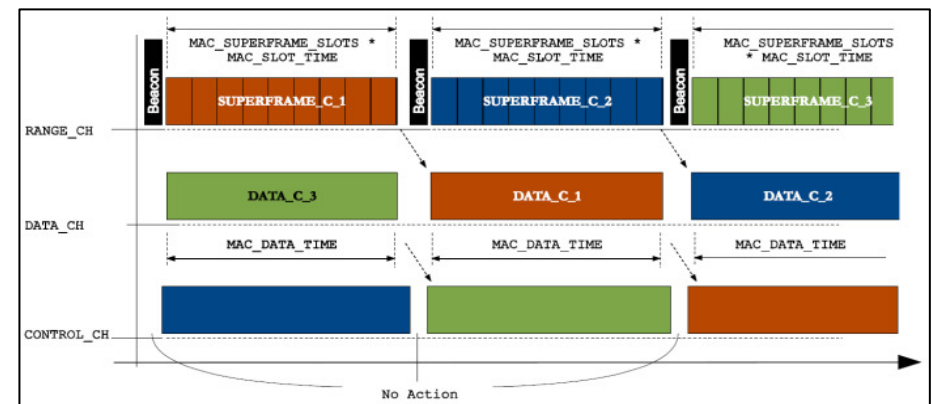
Alignment possibilities with related technologies

Approximation of latest C2C standard by:

- Usage of frequency bandwidth close to C2C standard (5.9 GHz)
- Implementation of 802.11p communication protocol

Segmentation in 3 Sub-channels

- Management channel for TAG handling
- DoA Channel for angle measurement
- TOF channel for distance measurement
- Dynamic communication topology
- Temporally separation of angle and distance measurement



Advantages for C2C and C2I

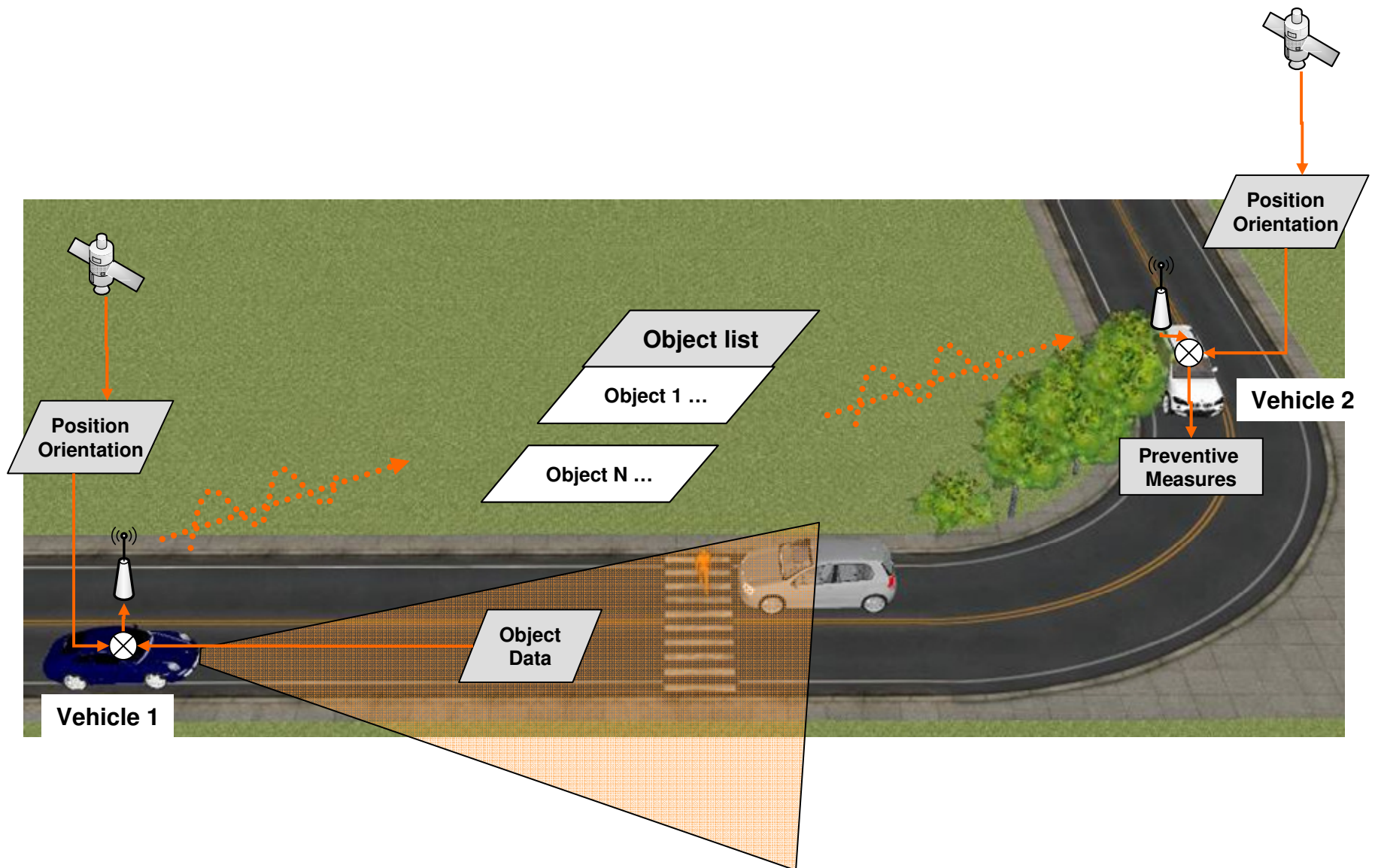
- Availability of precise relative position measurement in urban environment
- Communication link of C2C could be “physically” linked to position measurement (significant security advantage)

Possible realization

Integrated communication and localization unit

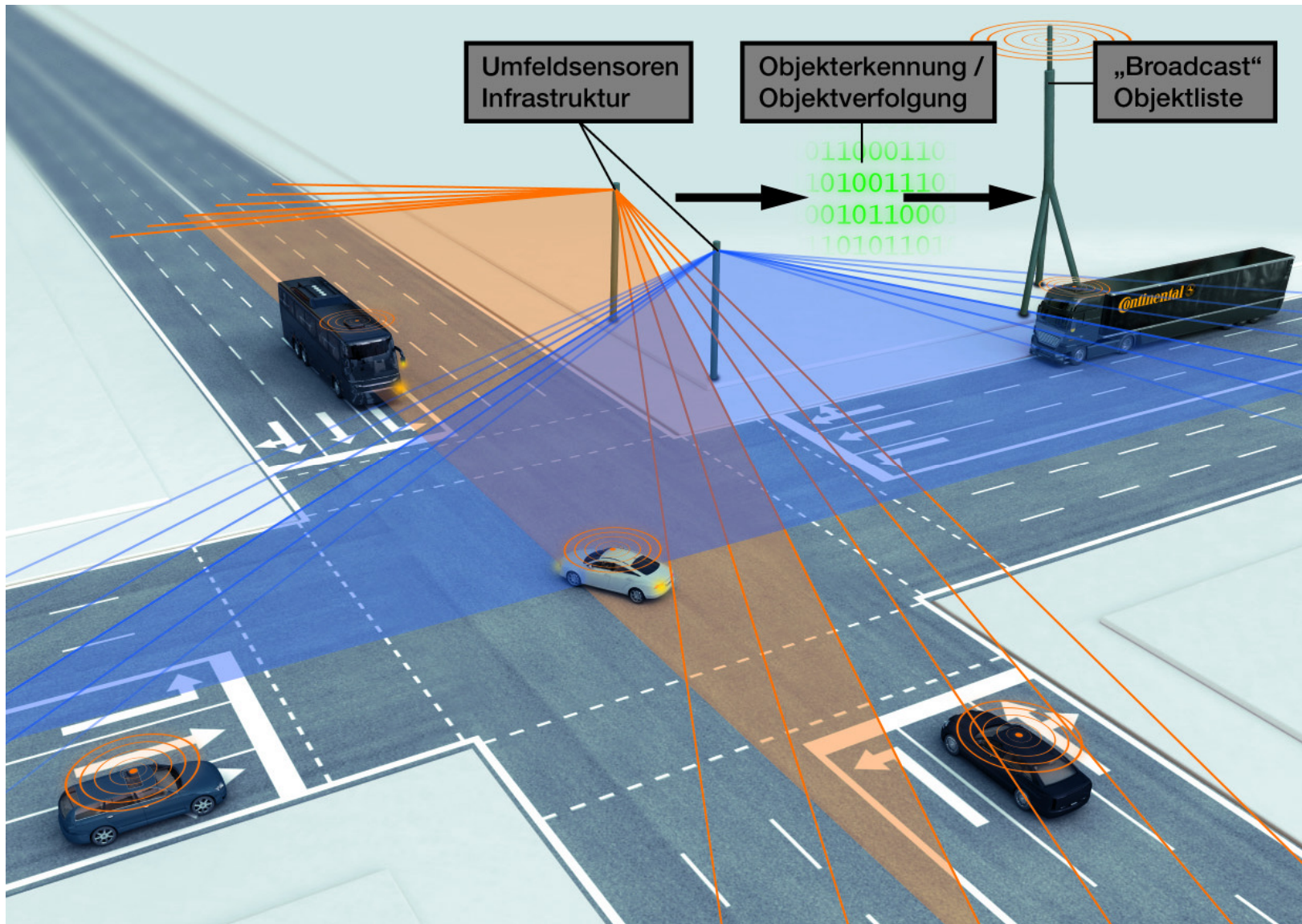
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Interconnected sensors for cooperative perception



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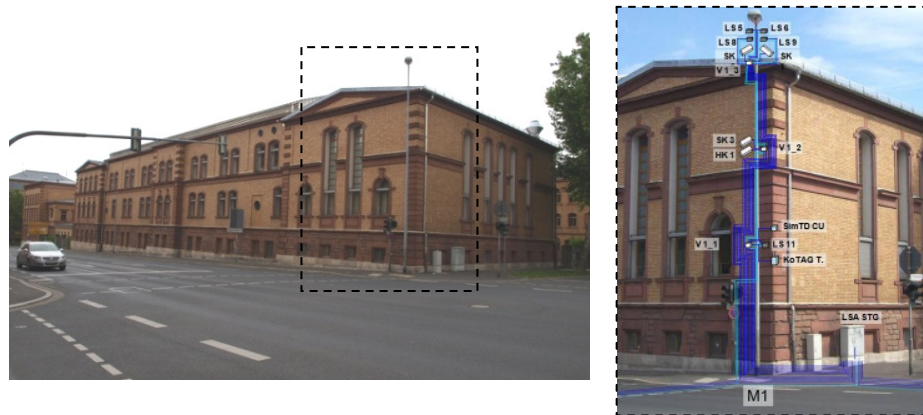
Interconnected sensors for seamless observation of cross-roads



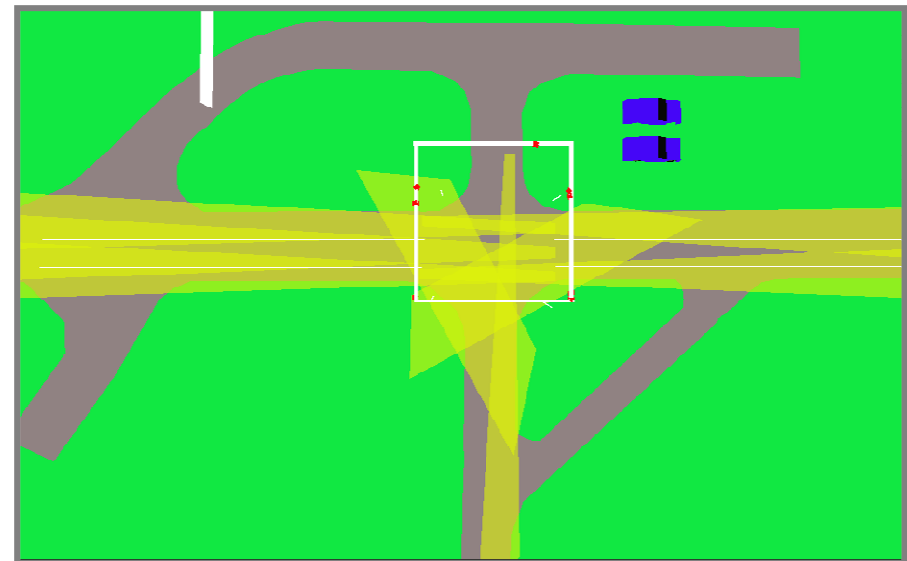
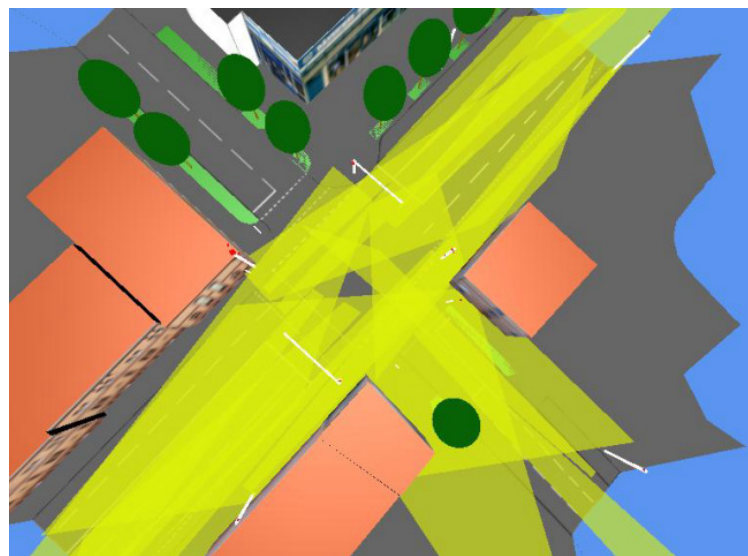
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Interconnected sensors for seamless observation of cross-roads

Public cross road:



Generic cross road:



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Unique features and perspectives

Unique Features:

- ▶ Clear classification of traffic partners
- ▶ Recognition and chronological tracking of hidden objects
- ▶ Big aperture angle (beyond 120 °): Cross-road sensor
- ▶ Physical replacement of security key required for C2C and C2X
- ▶ Precise localization in urban environment

Next steps:

- ▶ Proof of system performance at prototype stage
- ▶ Find possibilities for interweaving with related technologies (e.g.: C2C)
- ▶ Internationalization & standardization



Thank you for your attention !

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PREVENTIVE TRAFFIC SAFETY**

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